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Transition from LIBOR and Alternative Reference Rates After the End of 2021

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Initial Situation

- The **London Interbank Offered Rate** (LIBOR) is one of the most important reference rates and plays a central role in the financial markets.
- The **decline of liquidity** on unsecured interbank lending markets after the financial crisis has **undermined confidence in the reliability of LIBOR**.
- The UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), which is responsible for monitoring the LIBOR reference rate, will **no longer support LIBOR as the global reference rate after the end of 2021**.
- **Alternative reference rates** have been identified in the different currency areas that will replace LIBOR after the end of 2021.
- In **Switzerland, SARON will replace LIBOR** at the end of 2021.
- This presentation highlights the **most important aspects of the transition from LIBOR**, the **alternative reference rates** and possible **implications for institutional investors**.

Reference Rates

Reference rates play an important role for financial markets:

- Reference rates serve as **benchmarks for contracts** that are linked to floating rates. Reference rates facilitate the pricing of financial contracts, reduce their complexity and facilitate standardisation.
 - Reference rates are used for the **valuation of balance sheet items**, for example as the discount rate for certain financial instruments.
 - **Derivatives markets** often use reference rates for instruments such as swaps, options and forward contracts (e.g. interest rate swaps use reference rates as floating rates).
- ▶ **The reference rate is important, especially as a benchmark for institutional investors.**

Transition from LIBOR

- **LIBOR** represents the **interest rate conditions** reported by leading banks for **unsecured credits** between banks in London.
- On 27 July 2017, the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) announced that it will **no longer support LIBOR after the end of 2021**. This caused **insecurities regarding the future of LIBOR**.
- The reason for the transition is that the **market for unsecured credits is no longer active enough to guarantee that LIBOR is representative of the lending conditions of banks in the unsecured credit market**. Currently, LIBOR reports are mostly based on **expert judgement**, depending on the currency.
- ▶ **The transition from LIBOR by FCA presents a challenge to financial markets and highlights the need for the development of alternative reference rates.**

Alternative Reference Rates

- Working groups in the respective currency areas have recommended the following **alternative reference rates** to **LIBOR**:

Currency	Recommended alternative reference rate	Credit security	Maturity	Launch	Administrator
CHF	Swiss Average Rate Overnight (“ SARON ”)	Secured	Overnight interest rate	August 2009	SIX Swiss Exchange
USD	Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“ SOFR ”)	Secured	Overnight interest rate	April 2018	Federal Reserve Bank of New York
EUR	Euro-Short Term Rate (“ €STR ”)	Unsecured	Overnight interest rate	October 2019	European Central Bank
GBP	Sterling Overnight Index Average (“ SONIA ”)	Unsecured	Overnight interest rate	March 1997, reformed in April 2018	Bank of England
YEN	Unsecured Tokyo Overnight Average Rate (“ TONAR ”)	Unsecured	Overnight interest rate	November 1995	Bank of Japan

Sources: SNB; FED; ECB; BoE; BoJ

Alternative CHF Reference Rate: SARON

- In Switzerland, the **National Working Group on Swiss Franc Reference Rates** (NWG) under the lead of the Swiss National Bank (SNB) is responsible for reforming reference rates in Switzerland. Participants from both the **private sector** and **SNB** are **part of NWG**.
- NWG recommends **SARON (Swiss Average Rate Overnight)** as the **alternative to CHF LIBOR**.
- SARON is the **secured CHF (repo) overnight interest rate**, i.e. the rate at which more than 150 banks and insurances lend money to each other.
- SARON covers the **most liquid** segment of the CHF money market. The rate is based on **completed transactions as well as binding pricing**.
- SARON is published as an **annualised rate**.

Forward Reference Rate

- One of the **challenges** in selecting alternative reference rates is the calculation of **forward reference rates** (e.g. as a replacement of the 3 month LIBOR) based on overnight interest rates.
- While, for example, the 3 month LIBOR as a forward reference rate refers to the future (the interest rate in the future is known today), **the 3 month SARON can only be determined retrospectively on the basis of realised overnight interest rates** (the interest rate in the future is not known today).
- Therefore, the **SARON reference rate** is not yet known at the time of **conclusion** and can only be definitely determined after expiry of the forward contract (e.g. after three months).
- Unlike LIBOR, **SARON** thus represents a **realised money market yield**. SARON can be understood as a total return index and is closer to an ex-post performance view.

Need for Action for Institutional Investors

- **Institutional investors** can be **affected** as follows:
 - **Asset management contracts** (especially benchmarks and performance fees)
 - Direct investments in **real estate** and **mortgages**
 - Direct **derivative overlays** with contracts over 2021
- It is recommended that, if possible, **new transactions** are already based **on the new alternative reference rates**.
- **Investment regulations**: It is advisable to review the investment regulations and adjust them to the new reference rates if necessary.

Conclusion

- The **future of LIBOR after the end of 2021** became much **more uncertain** following the announcement by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). It is to be expected that LIBOR will **no longer exist** after the end of 2021.
 - The National Working Group on Swiss Franc Reference Rates (NWG) has identified **SARON** (secured overnight interest rate) as the **alternative** for **CHF LIBOR**. SARON is also the basis for forward reference rates.
- ▶ **Institutional investors can be affected as follows:**
 - ▶ **Investment regulations (especially benchmarks and performance fees)**
 - ▶ **Direct investments in real estate and mortgages**
 - ▶ **Direct derivative overlays with contracts over 2021**
 - ▶ **It is advisable to follow the reform, identify any need for action and, in particular, to review the investment regulations.**

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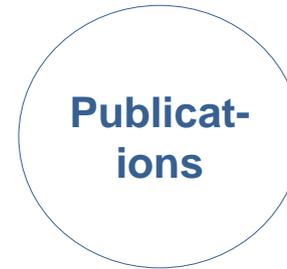
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